

Kane County
Building Permit Packet
180 West 300 North, Kanab, UT.
(435)644-4985 fax (435)644-4963

To Whom It May Concern:

Enclosed in the building permit packet for Kane County is a permit application, requirement check list, soils test forms, owner/builder agreement and other information. If you are planning to use a contractor, please disregard the owner/builder application. However, if you are an owner/builder the form needs to be notarized and the original sent to our office. If you live out of state you may have the owner/builder agreement notarized in your state. If at any time something changes on the permit application i.e. the general contractor changes to an owner/builder, the owner/builder changes to a general contractor, the engineer or architect changes, etc., a new permit application must be submitted with the correct and updated changes. This will insure that if there are any concerns, questions or violations the correct people are contacted.

To obtain a permit you must complete and submit the building permit application, signed requirement check list and all other required forms and documents. If any items are omitted or incomplete it will delay the process of obtaining your building permit. Please note that some documents are required to be submitted with two copies. These will be outlined in the packet.

This packet is subject to changes as requirements and code changes are adopted. It is important that you read and understand this packet and the minimum requirements needed to obtain and hold a building permit. Your signature on the permit application and/or requirement check list states that you have read and understand what is in the packet and that you will build according to the Kane County Ordinance and adopted building codes.

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect, construct, alter, extend, repair, move, remove, demolish or occupy any building, structure or equipment regulated by the adopted building codes, or cause the same to be done, in conflict with or in violation of any provisions of the adopted building codes.

If you have questions you may contact our office between the hours of 8:00 A.M and 5:00 P.M. Monday through Friday at 435-644-4985.

Kane County Building Department
Building Permit Packet

Revised 07/10/2017

BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION

PURPOSED WORK: Residence () Commercial () Storage () Garage () Other _____

VALUATION OF PURPOSED WORK: _____

OWNER OF PROPERTY: _____

LOT: _____ BLOCK: _____ SUBDIVISION: _____

LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY: _____

OWNER'S MAILING ADDRESS: _____

OWNER'S PHONE NUMBER: _____ Email: _____

ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER: _____ LICENSE # _____

ADDRESS: _____

PHONE NUMBER: _____ Email: _____

GENERAL CONTRACTOR: _____ LICENSE # _____

ADDRESS: _____

PHONE NUMBER: _____ Email: _____

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR: _____ LICENSE # _____

ADDRESS: _____

PHONE NUMBER: _____ Email: _____

PLUMBING CONTRACTOR: _____ LICENSE # _____

ADDRESS: _____

PHONE NUMBER: _____ Email: _____

MECHANICAL CONTRACTOR: _____ LICENSE # _____

ADDRESS: _____

PHONE NUMBER: _____ Email: _____

OWNER'S OR AUTHORIZED AGENT'S SIGNATURE: _____

DATE: _____

OWNER/BUILDER: YES NO SETBACKS: FRONT _____ SIDE _____ SIDE _____ REAR _____

HOW MANY DWELLINGS ON PROPERTY _____ HOW MANY STRUCTURES ON PROPERTY _____

LAND USE AUTHORITY APPROVAL

Property Zone: _____ Approved: _____ Not Approved: _____

Comments: _____

Land Use Authority: _____ Date: _____

Requirements for Building Permit Application

Kane County Building Department 435-644-4985

Kane County Land Use Authority 435-644-4966

180 West 300 North, Kanab, Utah 84741

Prior to issuance of a building permit a completed application and required supporting documentation must be reviewed and approved by the Kane County Building Department and the Kane County Land Use Authority.

After the completed application is received, please allow 10 working days for review, approval and issuance of the building permit.

Following is a list of required documentation to be attached to the application:

Building Department

- _____ 1. Application
- _____ 2. Site Plan (2 hard copies and 1 electronic)
- _____ 3. Construction Drawings (2 hard copies and 1 electronic)
- _____ 4. Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) Plan (2 copies)
- _____ 5. Owner Builder Certificate
- _____ 6. Air Leakage Report(see page 5)
- _____ 7. Soils Test
- _____ 8. Septic Permit
- _____ 9. Locate and Stake Property Corner Pins
- _____ 10. Proof of Water
- _____ 11. Res and/or Com check (2 copies)

Land Use Authority

- _____ 1. Parcel properly subdivided
- _____ 2. Recorded means of access
- _____ 3. Approved Water Supply
 - _____ Well (2,000 Gal. Storage tank is also recommended)
 - _____ Private System
 - _____ Public System
- _____ 4. Site Plan, Include easements to parcel
- _____ 5. Land Use Zone _____

Dry Subdivision Requirements

- _____ 1. Water tank
- _____ 2. Proof of water hauling contract, or
- _____ 3. Receipt for tank, trailer and approved water source

Detailed descriptions and additional explanations of requirements are included in this packet.

MY SIGNATURE BELOW INDICATES THAT I HAVE CAREFULLY READ AND UNDERSTAND THE PERMIT PACKET AND VERIFIED THAT ALL OF THE ABOVE ITEMS HAVE BEEN INCLUDED WITH MY PERMIT APPLICATION. I HAVE CHECKED EACH ITEM OR INDICATED N/A FOR ITEMS THAT DO NOT APPLY, AND HAVE INSURED THAT MY APPLICATION AND PLANS ARE COMPLETE. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT IF ANY ITEMS ARE DETERMINED TO BE OMITTED OR INCOMPLETE I WILL BE REQUIRED TO CORRECT OR SUPPLY THE DOCUMENT PRIOR TO THE BUILDING PERMIT BEING APPROVED.

Signature _____ Date _____

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Division of Occupational and
Professional Licensing
Bureau of Investigation
160 E 300 S
PO Box 146741
Salt Lake City UT 84114-6741
Email to jwoolf@utah.gov
Or Fax to 801-530-6301, Attn: Jody Woolf



OWNER/BUILDER CERTIFICATION
and
AGREEMENT TO COMPLY WITH THE
CONSTRUCTION TRADES LICENSING ACT

- New Residential Construction**
 Remodel or Addition by Owner

Name of Owner/Builder: _____
Current Address: _____
City, State, Zip: _____

LOCATION OF CONSTRUCTION SITE:

Address: _____
City, State Zip: _____
Subdivision: _____ Lot No. _____

CERTIFICATION

I, _____, certify under penalty of perjury that the following statements are true and correct and are based upon my understanding of the Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act:

1. **For New Residential Construction Only.** I am the sole owner of the property and construction project at the above described location; the project described is the only residential structure I have built this year; I have not built more than three residential structures in the past five years.

For New Residential and Remodel Construction:

2. The improvements being placed on the property are intended to be used and will be used for my personal, non-commercial, non-public use:

3. I understand that work performed on the project must be performed by the following:
- a. myself as the sole owner of the property; or
 - b. a licensed contractor; or
 - c. my employee(s) on whom I have Workers Compensation Insurance coverage, on whom I withhold and pay all required payroll taxes, and with respect to whom I comply with all other applicable employee/employer laws; or
 - d. any other person working under my supervision as Owner/Builder to whom no compensation or only token compensation is paid; and

4. I understand that if I retain the services of an unlicensed contractor or compensate an unlicensed person, other than token compensation, or other than as an employee for wages, to perform construction services for which licensure is required, I may be guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and may be additionally subject to an administrative fine in the maximum of \$2,000.00 for each day on which I violate the Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 20__

Signature of Owner/Builder

Subscribed and Sworn before me this _____ day of _____ 20__, in the County of _____ State of Utah.

My Commission Expires: _____

Notary Public

KANE COUNTY BUILDING DEPARTMENT

180 West 300 North

Kanab, Utah 84741

(435)644-4985 – Fax (435)644-4963

**Building Thermal Envelope & Duct Air Leakage
Compliance Report**

Owner's Name:			Email:
Address:	Lot #:	Unit#:	Subdivision:

I certify that the **building thermal envelope** will comply with one of the following:

- Builder will submit a certification(see page 8) at the final inspection certifying the project was built in compliance with the International Residential Code(IRC), Table N1102.4.1.1(see page 9).
- Whole House Pressure Test (Blower Door).

Office Use	Allowable air changes per hour:	N1102.4.1.2 states a maximum of 5 air changes per hour.
	Actual air changes per hour at 50 pa:	

I certify that the **ducts** installed in the dwelling will comply with one of the following:

- No Test Required Per Amended IRC N1103.2.2 Exception. Test is not required if all air handlers and at least 50% of all duct work is located entirely with the building thermal envelope.
- Duct Leakage Testing (Duct Blaster).
 - Test at rough in without air handler, 7.5 CFM per 100 sq. ft. maximum.
 - Test at rough in with air handler, 10 CFM per 100 sq. ft. maximum.
 - Test at Final, 10 CFM per 100 sq. ft. maximum.

Office Use	Allowable CFM leakage:	Total sq. ft.	/100 =	x	Base CFM =	Max. CFM
	Actual CFM leakage at 25pa:					

Tester/Special Inspector

Name: _____

Certification Number: _____

BPI

RESNET

Other: _____

Comments: _____

Signature _____ Date _____

KANE COUNTY BUILDING DEPARTMENT

180 West 300 North

Kanab, Utah 84741

(435)644-4985 – Fax (435)644-4963

**GEOTECHNICAL DATA & COMPLIANCE REPORT
Backfill and Final Grade**

Name on Building Permit _____

Physical Address of Property: _____

Building Permit Number _____ Tax I.D. #: _____

Lot #: _____ Block #: _____ Subdivision: _____

Section _____; Township _____ South; Range _____ West

General Contractor: _____

COMPLIANCE

I, _____, having performed the soils testing and compaction testing of the backfill in accordance with the International Residential Code, and/or IBC hereby verify that the site described above is suitable for the construction of:

(Dwelling) (Manufactured House) (Commercial) (Industrial) (Other)

Basement: Yes/No

Number of Stories: 1 2 3

Site Classification: A B C D E

Soil Bearing Capacity (*psf*) _____

Percent of Final Grade (slope) _____

Site Preparation Recommendation: (attach if necessary) _____

Testing Results (compaction percentage, attach test) _____

I, _____, by affixing my signature and professional stamp, verify inspection, soil testing, compaction testing, meets or exceeds the engineering practices and standards needed to comply with the recommendation of the soils and geotechnical investigation, for the backfill, and proper grade away from said building to meet or exceed the codes as adopted by the State of Utah.

Engineer Signature

Affix Engineer's Wet Stamp Above

KANE COUNTY BUILDING DEPARTMENT

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**GEOTECHNICAL DATA & COMPLIANCE REPORT
Prior to Footing and Foundation**

Name on Building Permit _____

Physical Address of Property: _____

Building Permit Number _____ Tax I.D. # _____

Lot #: _____ Block #: _____ Subdivision: _____

Section _____ Township _____ South; Range _____ West

General Contractor: _____

COMPLIANCE

(FIRM NAME) _____, having performed the soils testing and compaction testing of the footings and foundation pad in accordance with the International Residential Code, and/or IBC hereby verify that the site described above is suitable for the construction of:

(Dwelling) (Manufactured House) (Commercial) (Industrial) (Other)

Basement: Yes/No

Number of Stories 1 2 3

Site Classification A B C D E

Soil Bearing Capacity (psf) _____

Site Preparation Recommendation: (attach if necessary) _____

Testing Results: (compaction percentage, attach test results) _____

I, _____, by affixing my signature and professional stamp, verify inspection, soil testing, compaction testing, for footings and foundation, and/or structural pad preparation, meets or exceeds the engineering practices and standards needed to comply with the recommendation of the soils and geotechnical investigation, for the purpose outlined above.

Engineer Signature

Affix Engineer's Wet Stamp Above

KANE COUNTY BUILDING DEPARTMENT

180 West 300 North

Kanab, Utah 84741

(435)644-4985 – Fax (435)644-4963

**Building Thermal Envelope
Builders Certification**

Name of Builder/Contractor: _____

Contractor's License #: _____

Address: _____

City, State, Zip: _____

Permit #: _____

Subdivision Name: _____ Lot : _____ Block: _____

Project Address: _____

Project City, State, Zip: _____

CERTIFICATION

I, _____, the builder/contractor of the above mentioned construction project certify under penalty that this project has been constructed in compliance with the provisions of Table N11024.1.1(R402.4.1.1) of the 2012 International Residential Code as amended by the State of Utah and adopted by Kane County.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20____

Signature of Builder/Contractor

Subscribed and sworn before me this _____ day of _____, 20____, in the County of Kane, State of Utah

Notary Public

My commission expires

TABLE N1102.4.1.1 (R402.4.1.1)
AIR BARRIER AND INSULATION INSTALLATION

COMPONENT	CRITERIA ^a
Air barrier and thermal barrier	A continuous air barrier shall be installed in the building envelope. Exterior thermal envelope contains a continuous air barrier. Breaks or joints in the air barrier shall be sealed. Air-permeable insulation shall not be used as a sealing material.
Ceiling/attic	The air barrier in any dropped ceiling/soffit shall be aligned with the insulation and any gaps in the air barrier sealed. Access openings, drop down stair or knee wall doors to unconditioned attic spaces shall be sealed.
Walls	Corners and headers shall be insulated and the junction of the foundation and sill plate shall be sealed. The junction of the top plate and top of exterior walls shall be sealed. Exterior thermal envelope insulation for framed walls shall be installed in substantial contact and continuous alignment with the air barrier. Knee walls shall be sealed.
Windows, skylights and doors	The space between window/door jambs and framing and skylights and framing shall be sealed.
Rim Joists	Rim joists shall be insulated and include the air barrier.
Floors (including above-garage and cantilevered floors)	Insulation shall be installed to maintain permanent contact with underside of subfloor decking. The air barrier shall be installed at any exposed edge of insulation.
Crawl space walls	Where provided in lieu of floor insulation, insulation shall be permanently attached to the crawlspace walls. Exposed earth in unvented crawl spaces shall be covered with a Class I vapor retarder with overlapping joints tape.
Shafts, penetrations	Duct shafts, utility penetrations, and flue shafts opening to exterior or unconditioned space shall be sealed.
Narrow cavities	Batts in narrow cavities shall be cut to fit, or narrow cavities shall be filled by insulation that on installation readily conforms to the available cavity space.
Garage Separation	Air sealing shall be provided between the garage and conditioned spaces.
Recessed Lighting	Recessed light fixtures installed in the building thermal envelope shall be air tight, IC rated, and sealed to the drywall.
Plumbing and wiring	Batt insulation shall be cut neatly to fit around wiring and plumbing in exterior walls, or insulation that on installation readily conforms to available space shall extend behind piping and wiring.
Shower/tub on exterior wall	Exterior walls adjacent to showers and tubs shall be insulated and the air barrier installed separating them from the showers and tubs.
Electrical/phone box on exterior walls	The air barrier shall be installed behind electrical or communication boxes or air sealed boxes shall be installed.
HVAC register boots	HVAC register boots that penetrate building thermal envelope shall be sealed to the subfloor or drywall.
Fireplaces	An air barrier shall be installed on fireplace walls. Fireplaces shall have gasketed doors.

a. In addition, inspection of log walls shall be in accordance with the provisions of ICC-400

Kane County Snow Loads		
Elevation	Ground psf	Roof psf
5000	36	25
5300	36	25
5500	36	25
5700	36	25
5800	37	26
5900	38	27
6000	41	28
6100	44	31
6200	48	33
6300	52	37
6400	57	40
6500	62	43
6600	67	47
6700	73	51
6800	78	55
6900	84	59
7000	89	63
7100	95	67
7200	101	71
7300	107	75
7400	113	79
7500	119	83
7600	125	87
7700	131	92
7800	137	96
7900	143	100
8000	149	105
8100	155	109
8200	162	113
8300	168	117
8400	174	122
8500	180	126
8600	186	130
8700	192	135
8800	199	139
8900	205	143
9000	211	148
9100	217	152
9200	223	156
9300	230	161
9400	236	165
9500	242	169

Frost Depth	
Area	Depth
Kanab	18"
Orderville	24"
Deer Springs	24"
Zion Ridge	30"
Cedar Mtn.	36"
Bryce Woodlands	42"
Navajo Lakes	42"

IBC Wind Speed by Risk Category

Risk Category I	105 mph
Risk Category II	115 mph
Risk Category III	120 mph
Risk Category IV	120 mph

IRC Wind Speed 90mph
Seismic Zone D-0
Exposure C

How Does a Company Become Certified?

Companies that perform regulated renovation activities for compensation must apply to the Utah Division of Air Quality for certification. Certification applications for firms are available on the Utah DAQ website (www.airquality.utah.gov/HAPs/lead/forms/firmcert.pdf). Firms may certify for up to five years. The current Utah DAQ certification fee is \$200 per year.

How Do Renovators (Individuals) Become Certified?

Individuals must successfully complete an accredited renovator training course (8 hours), submit a certification application (www.airquality.utah.gov/HAPs/lead/forms/indvcert.pdf), and submit a Citizenship Certification Form (www.airquality.utah.gov/HAPs/lead/forms/Citizenship_Certification.pdf) to the Utah DAQ. Individuals may certify for up to five years. The current Utah DAQ certification fee is \$150 per year. To maintain certification, individuals must complete an accredited refresher course (4 hours) every five years. The list of accredited training providers is available on the Utah DAQ website (www.airquality.utah.gov/HAPs/lead/cont/trainlist.pdf).

Where Can I Get More Information?

For more information, contact the Utah Division of Air Quality at 801-536-4000. Information is also available at www.airquality.utah.gov/HAPs/lead/index.htm

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Benefits

Protect your workers, yourself, and your customers from a health risk

- Dust from renovation, repairs, and painting can contaminate an entire home and, if inhaled or ingested, can cause irreversible damage to children and adults.

Gain competitive advantage

- Certification makes you stand out from others and positions you as a professional contractor consumers can trust. Using your company's certification in your marketing materials may help attract business.
- Consumers will look for the certification before hiring contractors and may be more accepting of additional costs and time associated with doing the job safely.
- Upon certification of your firm, your company will be listed as a Certified Lead-Based Paint Firm on the DAQ website, giving your firm the potential for new customers.

Avoid fines and reduce liability risk

- Without certification and by not following approved practices, you and your company can face fines and put yourself and your company at risk of potential lawsuits.

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Utah Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule

What You Need To Know

Utah Division of Air Quality



195 North 1950 West
PO Box 144820
Salt Lake City, Utah 84114

Telephone (801) 536-4000
Fax (801) 536-4099

[www.airquality.utah.gov/
HAPs/lead/index.htm](http://www.airquality.utah.gov/HAPs/lead/index.htm)

What is Covered by the Rule?

The rule applies to:

- Renovation, repair, and painting activities performed by paid contractors (including maintenance workers in multi-family housing, painters, and other specialty trades) working in pre-1978 housing, rental units, child care facilities, and schools.
- Maintenance, repair, window replacement, and demolition activities affecting more than six square feet of painted surface or other coatings in a room or more than 20 square feet of painted surface or other coatings on the exterior of a regulated facility.

The rule does not apply to:

- Minor repair and maintenance that disrupts six square feet or less of painted or coated surface per room and 20 square feet or less of painted or coated surface for exterior projects. Window removal and demolition activities are subject to the rule.
- Renovations where it is determined the renovation will not involve lead-based paint or other lead containing coatings. This determination can be made by a Utah Division of Air Quality (DAQ) certified inspector, risk assessor, or renovator (see www.airquality.utah.gov/HAPs/lead/cont/contlist.pdf).
- Owner-occupied housing where the owner is performing his/her own renovation work.

What Work Practices are Required?

Required work practices include:

- Posting signs clearly defining the work area and warning occupants and other persons not involved in renovation activities to remain outside of the work area.
- Isolating the work area so that no dust or debris leaves the work area while the renovation is being performed.
- Containing waste from renovation activities to prevent the release of dust and debris.
- Cleaning the work area after the renovation is complete.

What Work Practices are Prohibited?

Certain dangerous work practices are prohibited and include using a heat gun at temperatures greater than 1100° F, open flame burning or torching, sanding, grinding, needle gunning, or blasting with power tools and equipment not equipped with a shroud and High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) vacuum attachment.

Where Can I Get More Information?

For more information, contact the Utah Division of Air Quality at 801-536-4000. Information is also available at www.airquality.utah.gov/HAPs/lead/index.htm.

What are the Responsibilities of a Utah Certified Renovation Firm?

Firms performing renovations must ensure that:

- They are certified as a firm with the Utah DAQ.
- All persons performing renovation activities are Utah certified renovators or have received on-the-job training by a Utah certified renovator.
- A Utah certified renovator is assigned to each renovation performed by the firm.
- All renovations are performed in accordance with applicable Utah work practice standards.

What is the Role of the Utah Certified Renovator?

A Utah certified renovator:

- Must be certified with the Utah DAQ.
- Directs uncertified workers performing regulated renovation activities.
- Provides training to uncertified workers on lead safe work practices.
- Is required to be at the work site during key stages of a renovation. The renovator must be available either on-site or by telephone.
- May use a U. S. Environmental Protection Agency recognized test kit to determine whether lead-based paint is present in affected areas.
- Must verify the cleanliness of the work area using a procedure involving disposable cleaning cloths.

Code Requirements for Building Permit and Inspections

- R105.1** **Required.** Any owner or authorized agent who intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, the installation of which is regulated by this code, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit.
- R105.8** **Responsibility.** It shall be the duty of every person who performs work for the installation or repair of building, structure, electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing systems, for which this code is applicable, to comply with this code.
- R106.3.1** **Approval of construction documents.** When the building official issues a permit, the construction documents shall be approved in writing or by stamp which states "REVIEWED FOR CODE COMPLIANCE." One set of construction documents so reviewed shall be retained by the building official. The other set shall be returned to the applicant, shall be kept at the site of work and shall be open to inspection by the building official or his or her authorized representative.
- R106.4** **Amended construction documents.** Work shall be installed in accordance with the approved construction documents, and any changes made during construction that are not in compliance with the approved construction documents shall be resubmitted for approval as an amended set of construction documents.
- R109.3** **Inspection requests.** It shall be the duty of the permit holder or their agent to notify the building official that such work is ready for inspection. It shall be the duty of the person requesting any inspection required by this code to provide access to and means for inspection of such work.
- R109.4** **Approval required.** Work shall not be done beyond the point indicated in each successive inspection without first obtaining the approval of the building official. The building official upon notification, shall make the requested inspections and shall either indicate the portion of the construction that is satisfactory as completed, or shall notify the permit holder wherein the same fails to comply with this code. Any portions that do not comply shall be corrected and such portion shall not be covered or concealed until authorized by the building official.
- R110.1** **Use and occupancy.** No building or structure shall be used or occupied, and no change in the existing occupancy classification of a building or structure or portion thereof shall be made until the building official has issued a certificate of occupancy therefore as provided herein. Issuance of a certificate of occupancy shall not be construed as an approval of a violation of the provisions of this code or of other ordinances of the jurisdiction. Certificates presuming to give authority to violate or cancel the provisions of this code or other ordinances of the jurisdiction shall not be valid.
- R319.1** **Address numbers.** Buildings shall have approved address numbers, building numbers or approved building identification placed in a position that is plainly legible and visible from the street or road fronting the property. These numbers shall contrast with their background. Address numbers shall be Arabic numbers or alphabetical letters. Numbers shall be minimum of 4 inches (102 mm) high with a minimum stroke width of 1/2 inch (12.7 mm). Where access is by means of a private road and the building address cannot be viewed from the public way, a monument, pole or other sign or means shall be used to identify the structure.

Adopted Building Codes By Utah Law 58-56-4 and R156-56-701

The following codes together with any amendments have been adopted by Kane County. For regulating the erection, construction, enlargement, alteration, repair, moving, removal, demolition, conversion, occupancy and use of all buildings or structures in Kane County.

Effective July 1, 2016

2015 International Building Code (IBC), including Appendix J

2015 International Residential Code (IRC), Including Appendix E

2015 International Plumbing Code (IPC)

2015 International Mechanical Code (IMC)

2015 International Energy Conservation Code (IECC)

2015 International Fuel Gas Code (IFGC)

2006 Utah Wildland Urban Interface Code (UWUI)

2014 National Electrical Code (NEC)

Housing and Urban Development Code (HUD)

If any of the above codes reference other codes those codes shall be considered part of the requirements of that code to the prescribed extent of each such reference.

Building Permits will only be issued when the following criteria is met

1. Submit all required applications, documents, forms and plans.
2. Approval of the Building Official.
3. Approval of the Land Use Authority.
4. Septic system approved by the Southwest Utah Health Department.
5. Water system approved by the Utah State Water Engineer.
6. Legal access to the property where the easement is specifically reserved and does not go through private property unless an easement is specifically reserved.
7. Proof of ownership, either a recorded deed or contract.
8. Soils test and compaction test performed by a qualified engineer with recommendations, follow up inspection and notice of compliance with recommendations. This must be completed and the report received before or during the footing inspection. There are two geotechnical data and compliance forms in the packet that must be used and submitted along with the qualified engineer's report. Any new commercial, residential and anything attached to them is required to have these test performed and supplied. However, not every project requires a soil and compaction test, if you have any questions or concerns on your project contact our office.
9. Manufactured homes brought into the county must be rated for the area to insure it will meet the current energy provisions outlined in code. They must be in compliance with Utah State Code and the Kane County Ordinance.

Details for the Requirement Check List

Building Department

- A. **Completed Permit Application.** This must include name, address, telephone number of the owner, builder/contractor, engineer, architect, etc.
- B. **Plot/Site Plan (two hard copies and one electronic).**
 1. Scale of plan, and direction of north point.
 2. Lot lines, setbacks, adjacent streets, roads and rights-of-ways.
 3. Location of all existing structures on subject property and adjoining properties, with utility lines, poles, septic tank and field, etc., fully

dimensioned.

4. Location of proposed construction and improvements, with location and dimension of all signs.
 5. Necessary explanatory notes.
- C. **Construction Plans (two hard copies and one electronic).** Depending on the use, location, size, shape, and building official's discretion these plans may be required to be designed and stamped by a licensed engineer. If you have any concerns or question regarding engineering contact our office.
1. Footings Detail
 2. Foundation with structural detail schedule and elevations.
 3. Floor plans, with room size and partitions, cross section
 4. Referenced to use of insulation system proposed R-38 minimum on all ceilings, R-19 in exterior walls, R-19 in floors and R-10 in basements around Kanab. Values increase with elevation.
 5. Roof details
 6. Electrical, plumbing, mechanical, and gas.
 6. Shear walls with tie downs
 8. Porch, entry, stairs, etc., details where they occur referenced from floor, foundation and plat plans. Show sizes and justify specified snow load.
 9. Material schedules, general notes
 10. Any other detail that needs to be included.
- E. **Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) Plan (two copies).** More information and general requirements will be discussed further in the packet. WUI roads and driveways must be designed to the Wildland Urban Interface Code. Roads need to be a minimum of 20 feet in width. Driveways need to be a minimum of 12 feet in width and if in excess of 200 ft turnouts must be provided. Both roads and drive ways in excess of 150 feet must be provided with a turnaround. Both shall not exceed a 12 percent grade.
- F. **Owner/Builder Certificate.** This was explained on the first page.
- G. **Air Leakage Report.** This form needs to be completed and submitted with your application for permit.
- H. **Septic Permit.** Clearance from the Health Department for septic system prior to issuance of permit. Please include a copy of septic system permit. Phone numbers and address will be provided at the end of the packet.
- I. **Locate and Stake Property Corner Pins.** All property corners must be visibly marked so we can check the set back requirements. If the corner pins cannot be found or they don't appear to be correct the owner must have the property surveyed.
- J. **Proof of Water.** This will coincide with the Land Use Authority's requirement.
- K. **Res and/or Com Check (two copies).** This report must be provided to insure the property meets or exceeds the energy provisions outlined in code. For minimum code requirements see www.kane.utah.gov, building department, forms and downloads and International Energy Conservation Code. A free Res & Com Check program can be downloaded off the internet at www.energycodes.gov.

Land Use Authority

- A. **Parcel Properly Subdivided.** To be reviewed by the Land Use Authority Administrator for subdivision compliance.
- B. **Recorded Means of Access minimum 28 ft.** Parcels outside of subdivisions need to furnish recorded proof of an easement or right of way to the property that meets the minimum standards.
- C. **Approved Water Supply.** Well must be drilled and functional prior to issuance of a building permit. A 2,000 gallon storage tank is also recommended.
- D. **Site Plan.** See building departments description above.
- E. **Land Use Zone.** Call the Land Use Authority Administrator if you are unsure of your zoning.
- F. **Dry Subdivisions Requirements.** See the Land Use Ordinance for additional information.

Building permits are required for any type of building in Kane County. No building or structure regulated by Kane County Ordinance and any of the current adopted building codes shall be erected, constructed, enlarged, altered, repaired, moved, improved, removed, converted, or demolished unless a separate permit for each building has first been obtained from the building official. **Any excavation of county right of way or county roads requires a permit available through the GIS/Transportation department.**

If work is not started on a structure or building within 180 days from the issuance of a permit or such work is suspended or abandoned for a period of 180 days, the permit shall become invalid. If work is not performed within the 180 day period you may extend the permit for a fifteen dollar fee before the permit expires. The extension shall be requested in writing and justifiable cause demonstrated. If you let the permit expire all work must stop until you either renew the permit for a one hundred dollar fee, within 30 days of it expiring, or obtain a new permit. If you fail to do so a "Notice of Non-Compliance" will be filled with the Kane County Recorder, stating we were unable to verify code compliance, and the matter will be turned over to the office of the Kane County Attorney for further action. A "Notice of Non-Compliance" can have a negative impact on, but not limited to, insurance claims, property resale and property financing. If you let the permit expire and obtain a new one you will at that time have to follow any and all new changes to the Kane County Ordinance and adopted building codes.

Building Inspections

24 hour minimum notice is required for all inspection requests. This notice is for scheduling purposes only and is not a guarantee an inspection can be performed the following day. Inspections will be scheduled on the earliest available day on a first come basis, unless a later date is requested. We make every effort to schedule inspections for the following day; however, this will not always be the case. After the inspection is completed, if work **is not** marked "Approved" on the inspection form, make the corrections noted in the remarks section of the form and call for another inspection before continuing work. It is fairly common for builders to order cement and then call for an inspection. **We DO NOT recommend this practice.** Often the building inspector is booked and cannot make an inspection before the cement is due to arrive. If this happens the builder will be expected to cancel his order for cement. Pouring cement without an inspection will not be allowed. We recommend waiting until the inspection has been completed and approved before ordering cement.

Required Inspections & Information

1. **Footing & Set Back.** Inspect footing reinforcement before pouring concrete footings. When this inspection is performed, the property set-backs are checked to make sure all zoning property set-backs are correct.
2. **Foundation.** Inspect the foundation wall reinforcement before pouring concrete walls. We will inspect the foundation later for a damp proof coating.
3. **Underground Plumbing.** Inspect the underground plumbing before it is covered and the floor is poured.
4. **Shear Wall & Sheeting.** Inspect the shear wall and sheeting before they are covered by any house wrap or other material.
5. **4-Way.** Inspect the framing, rough plumbing, rough electrical, rough mechanical and rough gas.
6. **Insulation.** Inspect all insulation before it is covered by sheetrock or any other material.
7. **Drywall/Wallboard.** Inspect rough drywall before taping and applying drywall mud.
8. **Meter Base.** (if applicable)
9. **Lath.** (if applicable)
10. **Vapor Barrier/House Wrap.** Inspect vapor barrier/house wrap on exterior before applying siding or other finishes.
11. **Lag.** Inspect lag both roof and wall for manufactured homes.
12. **Jacks & Tie Downs.** Inspect tie downs and jacks on manufactured homes.
13. **WUI Final.** Inspect for Wildland Urban Interface compliance.
14. **Final Inspection.**

General Inspection Rules:

- DO NOT cover up any required inspections until approved by the building official. Approval is granted after calling for and passing an inspection. Failure to do so will result in removal of coverings, or complete condemnation and abatement of work.
- All inspection tests are required. (Electrical, plumbing, mechanical, etc.)
- NO building can be occupied until a final inspection is passed and a certificate of occupancy is granted or a temporary occupancy permit is issued.
- All inspection cards, plans and manufacture's information and instructions must be on the job site during inspections.
- A permit allots a certain number of inspections. These include, but are not limited to, the required inspections and one re-inspect for each required inspection. The scope of the work will be the main determining factor when figuring the number of allotted inspections. If at any time during the project you exceed this allotted number of inspections you will be charged for each additional inspection until the project is completed.

Utah Wildland Urban Interface (WUI) General Information

Wildfire Mitigation... What is It?

Wildfire mitigation is the implementation of various measures designed to reduce the risk of destruction by wildfire. It involves modifying the environment surrounding a structure and the design and construction of a structure in order to increase its ability to withstand a wildfire without being dependent upon suppression resources.

Wildfire Mitigation... Who does it?

Anyone who owns a home or property in forested areas should consider the hazard presented to their property by a wildfire and should attempt to mitigate its effects. By doing wildfire mitigation work, homeowners can substantially **increase** their safety and **reduce** the risk to life and property. However, it should be noted that given the unpredictable nature and behavior of wildfire, **there are no guarantees**.

Wildfire Mitigation Plan

With an increasing number of structures being built in forested areas of Utah, the County is attempting to minimize the loss of lives and property from wildfires by including wildfire mitigation measures in the Site Plan Review process. Wildland Urban Interface lots are often located on steep hillsides where access may be difficult and little if any water is available for firefighting. They are usually covered with dense vegetation, many of which can burn in a dramatic and devastating manner, destroying homes in the process. The creation and implementation of a Wildfire Mitigation Plan is an important step towards remedying this situation. An acceptable Wildfire Mitigation Plan consists of two parts: 1) a site plan, showing the location and extent of structures and other improvements, the defensible space management zones around the structures, the driveway access for emergency vehicles, emergency water supply for fire fighting, and the locations of other specific natural and human created features; and 2) a narrative that describes in detail these same features. These considerations must be addressed along with all of the other considerations brought into the Site Plan Review process, such as tree preservation and re-vegetation. All wildfire mitigation conditions will be in addition to any applicable building code requirements.

Site Location

Describe the location that has been chosen for the structure(s) with respect to the natural characteristics and conditions of the property. Include the following information:

1. Property location and access (public or private road).
2. Position of existing and/or proposed structure(s).
3. Lot size (acreage), slope (%), aspect (N, E, S, W), and elevation (feet).
4. Dangerous topographic features, such as valleys, saddles, steep slopes, and ridges.
5. Barriers to fire spread that could serve as a fuel break, such as major roads, rock outcroppings, bodies of water, riparian corridors, aspen stands.

6. Over story and under story vegetation types, densities, and conditions.
7. Percent ground cover: live vegetation, duff and dead wood, rock and soil.
8. Presence /absence of insect and/or disease infestations.

Construction Design and Materials

Show that the construction design and building materials selected will minimize the potential for the structure(s) to be ignited by a wildfire and will provide the best chance of defending the structure(s) from a wildfire. Include information on the:

1. Size and shape of the structure(s) (simple vs. complex); orientation (north-south, east-west)
2. Fire-resistance of construction materials (roofing and siding; windows and doors)
3. Size and construction of exterior features such as decks, balconies, and exterior stairs
4. Construction details for soffits and fascia; placement of venting; chimneys
5. Location of utilities (power and telephone; above or below ground), propane tanks (distance from structure and elevation), wells, leach fields, water storage tanks, etc.

Threat Reduction Zones

Describe how wildfire mitigation steps are being addressed in the various zones:

Access Zone: Information required includes:

1. Address: Should be readily visible from the street.
2. Road width and grade: Homes should be serviced by all weather access roads a minimum of 20 feet wide and all weather driveways at least 12 feet wide.
3. Turnarounds/turnouts: Turnarounds are required for dead-end roads and on driveways in excess of 150 feet. Driveways in excess of 200 feet in length and less than 20 feet in width shall be provided with turnouts in addition to turnarounds.
4. Driveway clearance: Flammable vegetation should be removed extending 10 feet from both sides of the driveway. Driveways shall have an unobstructed height of 13 feet 6 inches.
5. Bridges and Culverts: Inadequately built bridges or culverts may prevent firefighting equipment from reaching your home. Check on engineering design if included in your project.

Defensible Space Zone: Demonstrate that defensible space is available and/or will be created around structures.

Describe the steps that will be taken to modify the vegetation and protect the structure(s) from a future wildfire. Make considerations for the re-vegetation plan, tree preservation, and general forest health. Required defensible space distance is determined by completion of a "Fire Hazard Severity Form: included in the Utah Wildland-Urban Interface Code as completed by the authority having jurisdiction.

Fuel Modification Distances for each hazard area are:

1. Moderate hazard: 30 feet
2. High hazard: 50 feet
3. Extreme hazard: 100 feet

Trees are allowed in the defensible space, provided the horizontal distance between crowns of adjacent trees or unmodified fuel is not less than 10 feet. Where ornamental vegetative fuels or cultivated ground cover, such as green grass, ivy, succulents or similar plants are used as ground cover, they are allowed be within the designated defensible space, provided they do not form a means of transmitting fire from the native growth to any structure. (2006 Utah WUI Code section 603)

Defensible spaces shall be maintained annually, or as necessary.

Additional fire protection requirements around the structure include:

1. Spark arresters: Chimneys serving fireplaces, barbeques, incinerators or decorative heating appliances shall be provided with a spark arrester.
2. Liquefied Petroleum Gas Installations: Installed and maintained according to the fire code.
3. Storage of Firewood and Combustible Materials: Shall not be stored in unenclosed spaces beneath

buildings or structures, or on decks, or under eaves, canopies or other projections or overhangs. Should be stored a minimum of 30 feet from structures and separated from the crown of trees by a minimum horizontal distance of 15 feet.

Built Zone: Buildings and structures shall be constructed in accordance with the *International Building Code* and additional Ignition-Resistant Construction Class requirements as determined by the Fire Hazard Severity Form for the project and specified in the WUI Code. Building requirements are available through the building department and from the applicable codes. The built zone is addressed during the building permit application process and plan review.

Interior Zone: This zone includes items that should be considered to prevent fires from originating in the home. Items to consider include:

1. Sprinkler Systems: A sprinkler system installed inside the home can provide effective fire protection. It will operate automatically and can extinguish a fire while you are asleep or away from home. It is especially effective in areas with less than ideal water supply and long emergency response distances.
2. Carbon Monoxide detectors: Use in conjunction with smoke detectors.
3. Escape plans: By planning and practicing exit drills, you can better prepare your family for a fire emergency.
4. Portable fire extinguishers.
5. Proper storage of flammable paint and stain products.
6. Proper installation and use of wood stoves and fireplaces.
7. Other heating systems: Kerosene and other fuel-fired heaters should be used properly.

WATER SUPPLY

Describe where an adequate and accessible water supply has been located for the defense of the structure(s) Include information on the:

1. Location of draft sources approved by the local fire protection agency (i.e. municipal hydrants, community cisterns, dry hydrants in local water sources) or the location, size, construction type and fittings for an individual cistern
2. Residential sprinkler system (if applicable)

Consult with the local water company on this item.

MAINTENANCE

In addition to the information presented in the above sections, you may also want to mention specific maintenance actions that will be undertaken in the future. This could include such things as:

1. Home maintenance: annual removal of debris from the roof and gutters and from around the house; regular cleaning of you chimney (if applicable).
2. Extending defensible space: additionally tree pruning, removing broken branches and disposing of slash; burning slash piles and firewood; checking for insect and disease problems; maintenance of a rock barrier; irrigation and mowing of green space.
3. Conducting a regular inspection of cistern and/or sprinkler systems (if applicable).
4. Maintenance of the access and driveway; checking address and road signs; planning escape routes.

WHY WILDFIRE MITIGATION

The State of Utah has witnessed major destructive wildfires in recent times. Increasing hazards and development in the wildland urban interface areas are threatening the States' and counties' abilities to prepare for and respond to wildfire. Yet many people still don't recognize the risk posed to their homes and properties by a wildfire and what they can do to mitigate that threat. Wildfires have always been a natural occurrence in Utah, but over the last 100 years, various land management practices, including fire suppression, has resulted in forests with vegetation densities 10 to 100 times their natural state. Combine this with factors such as steep terrain, drought, high summer-time temperatures, and seasonal high winds, and an increased human presence in the form of development and recreational use, the result is an environment prone to extreme wildfire behavior. These very dangerous conditions have lead to fires which are more

numerous and devastating than ever before, challenging the abilities and resources of fire fighting agencies. Additionally, the response to a fire by emergency response organizations faced with these conditions is also limited by factors such as the amount of equipment and personnel available, number and location of water sources, difficulty or ease of access, and number and types of structures present. By completing wildfire mitigation work, creating defensible space and performing routine maintenance around homes, homeowners are giving firefighters and themselves the best chance to defend their property from wildfires.

Conclusion

This permit packet contains, but is not limited to, the minimum requirements need to obtain and hold a building permit. If at any time you have any concerns or questions about construction and the permit process for your project please contact our office Monday-Friday in person or by calling 435-644-4985.

Contacts for the following Southwest Health Departments:

Cedar City	245 South 200 East
435-586-2437	Kanab, Utah 84741
	435-644-2537

285 West Tabernacle
St George, Utah 84770
435-673-3528

Contacts for the Kane County Land Use Authority:

180 West 300 North
Kanab, Utah, 84741
435-644-4966